4-STRAIN INFLUENZA VACCINE

AVAILABLE THIS FLU SEASON IN PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAMS

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

WHAT IS INFLUENZA B?

FOR ALMOST 4 DECADES, trivalent influenza vaccines (TIV) have offered protection against 3 different influenza virus strains -

2 influenza A 1 influenza B¹²

Approximately 15-25[%] of hospital admissions and deaths related to influenza are attributable to influenza B strain⁵

IN CANADA, some flu seasons see rates of circulation of influenza B strains

ranging from as low as 0.8% to as high as

HIGH-RISK GROUPS

13.7 million Canadians

with chronic health conditions such as





ASTHMA, DIABETES & HEART DISEASE have the highest risk for influenza complications^{8,9,10,11}

In the 1980s, the

influenza B virus split

into 2 distinct lineages which now cocirculate worldwide^{3,4}



JICTORIA



than the common cold, especially for those under the age of 2¹²



of influenzarelated deaths occur in seniors¹³

WHY 4-STRAIN INFLUENZA VACCINE?

Between 2001 and 2013. there has been a **MISMATCH** between the B strain in the vaccine and the circulating B strain more than **50% OF THE TIME**.¹⁴ This mismatch is what led to the development of a 4-strain, or quadrivalent, influenza

vaccine (QIV).

QIV HELPS PROTECT AGAINST 4 different influenza virus strains - 2 influenza A

strains and 2 influenza B strains - versus the traditional 3-strain vaccines



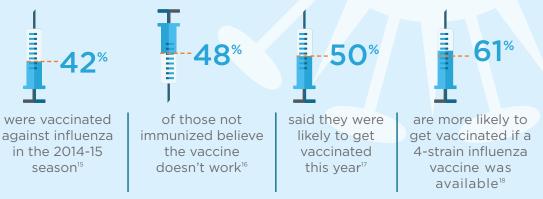






4-STRAIN INFLUENZA VACCINE COULD INCREASE INFLUENZA IMMUNIZATION RATES

IN AN ONLINE SURVEY, CANADIANS SAID:



Publicly funded access to QIV varies by province. A full QIV annual universal influenza immunization program is currently accessible to the general population 6 months of age and older in: Manitoba, Yukon Territory, and several Atlantic provinces.

INTERESTED IN QIV? Inquire with your local Public Health authorities regarding vaccine availability in your province.

1. An Advisory Committee Statement (ACS) National Advisory Committee on Immunization (NACI) – Statement on Seasonal Influenza Vaccine for 2014-2015. National Advisory Committee 1. An Advisory Committee on Induction Advisory Committee on Induction (NGC) - Distant Advisory Committee on Induction (NACI) – Statement (NACI) – Stat at: www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/11-12/w34_12/index-eng.php.8. An Advisory Committee Statement (ACS) National Advisory Committee on Immunization (NACI) – Statement on Seasonal Influenza Vaccine for 2014-2015. National Advisory Committee on Immunization (NACI) July 2014. 9. About Diabetes. Canadian Diabetes Association. Available at: www.diabetes.ca/about-diabetes/types-of-diabetes. Accessed August 2015. 10. Statistics. Heart & Stroke Foundation. Available at: www.heartandstroke.com/site/c.ikIQLcMW/ItE/b.3483991/k.34A8/Statistics.htm. Accessed August 2015. 11. Asthma. Statistics Canada. Naviable at: www.statcan.gc.ca/l.bles-tableau/cum-sm/DU/statistics/lineau/bacesed August 2015. 12. Children, the Flu, and the Flu Vaccine. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Available at: www.cdc.gov/flu/protect/children.htm. Accessed August 2015. 12. Children, the Flu, and the Flu Vaccine. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Available at: www.cdc.gov/flu/protect/children.htm. Accessed August 2015. 13. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Key Facts About Seasonal Flu Vaccine. Available at: www.cdc.gov/flu/protect/keyfacts.htm. Accessed August 2015. 13. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Key Facts About Seasonal Flu Vaccine. Available at: www.cdc.gov/flu/protect/keyfacts.htm. Accessed August 2015. 14. An Advisory Committee Statement (ACS) National Advisory Committee on Immunization (NACI) – Statement on Seasonal Influenza Vaccine for 2014-2015. National Advisory Committee on Immunization (NACI) July 2014. 15. Flu Vaccines Survey, June 20. http://doi.org/fluenza/bacestbales.html 29-July 2, 2015. Leger, The Research Intelligence Group. Data on file. 16. Ibid. 17. Ibid. 18. Ibid